



LEC COMPANY  
LIMITED

# メーターリレー取扱い説明書

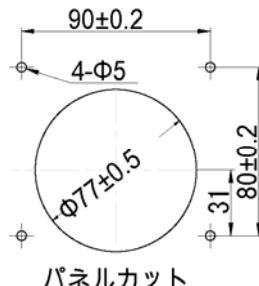
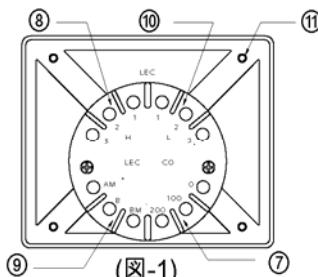
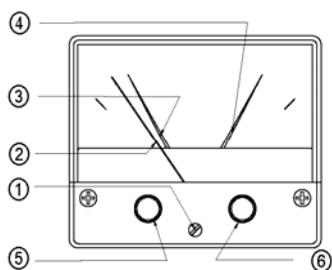
## ●製品の外観

タイプ	外観図	寸法図
MK - 120		

## 1. 適用型式

MK-120 シリーズの取扱いに適用します。

## 2. 名称及び機能説明



### ①零位調整器

電流を通じない状態で計器指針が零を示さない時は、このネジを左又は右に回して零位置に合わせます。

### ②計器指針

#### ③L側設定指針(下限)一緑色

L側の設定ツマミを回すことにより目盛上の任意の位置に設定出来ます。計器指針がこの設定指針と合致した時、L側のリレーが作動します。

#### ④H側設定指針(上限)一赤色

H側の設定ツマミを回すことにより目盛上の任意の位置に設定出来ます。

## 3. 取付方法

①取付パネルの加工を行ないます。(図-1 参照)

②取付パネルの材質はメーターリレーに貼ってある銀シールに表示されているものを使用します。

③本体附属のスプリングワシャー及びナットにより取付パネルに固定します。この場合必要以上にナットを締め付けない事。

## 4. 端子接続(図-1 参照)

### ①電源

AC、85～115V 又は 170～230V 間に電源を接続します。

### ②入力

#### (1)電気量の測定、制御

直 径、電圧、  
電 流 有 極 性

+,-又は AM+,BM-,に入力信号を接続します。この場合極性に注意する。

交 流 電 壓 無 極 性

+,-又は AM+,BM-,に入力信号を接続します

交 流 電 壓 無 極 性

変流器を併用します。+,-又は AM+,BM-を変流器の2次側に接続します。

#### (2)温度の測定、制御

### 熱電対

有 極 性

+又は AM+に赤、-又は BM-に白リード線を接続します。

### 白金測温抵抗体

有 極 性

+又は AM+に赤、-又は BM-に白リード線を接続します。  
Bに黒リード線を接続します。

#### ③出力(図-1、図-2 参照)

図-1 及び図-2 により必要な端子に接続します

\*零センターメーターのL出力は逆になります。(図-2零センター参照)オーブンコレクター出力も製作可能

### ⑨メーター入力端子

①交流電圧、電流の場合、極性はありません。

②熱電対、直流電圧、電流の場合は土の極性を間違えないように接続して下さい。

③150 型の測温抵抗体接続の場合は、(A.M), (B),(B.M)の端子に接続します。100、及び120 型の測温抵抗体の場合も。同様に接続します。

### ⑩L 側リレー接点端子

内臓リレーの接点出力がとり出せます。

(2)が共通、(1)が a 接点、(3)が b 接点で(2)-(1)が「断」、(2)-(3)が「接」となります。

### ⑪計器取付ボルト

(図-2 )

メーター種別	メーター動作	リレー接点動作			
		リレー	A	B	
1点設定 上限 (H) 下限 (L)	メーター指針 設定指針 HL	H	△ ○ 1 2 3	△ ○ 1 2 3	
		L	△ ○ 1 2 3	△ ○ 1 2 3	
2点設定 上、下限 (HL)	L H	H	△ ○ 1 2 3	△ ○ 1 2 3	△ ○ 1 2 3
		L	△ ○ 1 2 3	△ ○ 1 2 3	△ ○ 1 2 3
零センター メーター 2点設定 上、下限 (HL)	L O H	H	△ ○ 1 2 3	△ ○ 1 2 3	△ ○ 1 2 3
		L	△ ○ 1 2 3	△ ○ 1 2 3	△ ○ 1 2 3

(注)接点構成はメーター指針が設定値以下の場合は、電源“接”“断”でも同じです。





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# INSTRUCTION MANUAL OF METER RELAY MODEL MK-120

## ●Product Appearance

Type	Appearance	Size
MK-120		

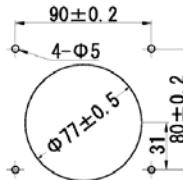
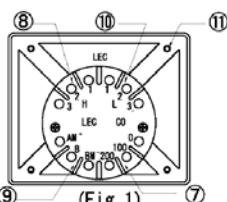
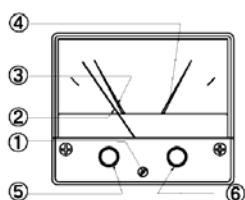
## 1. Summary

Meter relay model MK-120 is a contactless meter-relay of photoelectric method using LED as the light source.

It indicates and control which can be used of various control units.

## 2. Structure and Function

### 2.1 Front and back structure of panel



#### ①Zero position adjuster:

In no-current condition, if the meter pointer does not indicate the zero position, turn this screw clockwise or counterclockwise to get it.

#### ②Meter pointer:

#### ③L side setting pointer (Lower limit) - Green

By turning this knob on the L side, any desired position can be set. When the meter pointer is coincided with this setting pointer, the relay at L side is activated.

#### ④H side setting pointer (Upper limit) - Red

By turning this knob on the H side, any desired position can be set. When the meter pointer is coincided with this setting pointer, the relay at H side is activated.

#### ⑤L side setting knob:

#### ⑥H side setting knob:

#### ⑦Power supply terminal:

It connects the power supply for the meter relay operation.  
Between the terminal of  
AC100V use 85–115V  
AC200V use 170–230V

#### ⑧H side relay contact terminal:

The contact output of the inside relay can be taken out. (2) is common, (1) is a contact, (3) is b contact, (2)-(1) is disconnected, and (2)-(3) is connected.

#### ⑨Meter Input terminal:

1) AC voltage and current have no polarity.

#### Panel Cut Size

2) For thermocouples, DC voltage, and current, connects them with the correct polarity.

3) When connecting a 150 type RTD, connect to the (A.M), (B), and (B.M) terminals. Connect the 100 and 120 type RTDs in the same way.

#### ⑩L side relay contact terminal:

The contact output of the inside relay can be taken out. (2) is common, (1) is a contact, (3) is b contact, (2)-(1) is disconnected, and (2)-(3) is connected.

#### ⑪Meter Installing bolt:

## 3. Installing

#### ①Machining the mounting panel. (Fig. 1 reference)

②Material of the installation panel use one which is displayed at on the silver sticker attached to the meter relay.

③Fix to the mounting panel with the spring washers and nuts included with the main unit.

Don't fasten up a nut more than necessary in this case.

## 4. The terminal connection(Figure1 reference)

#### ①Power supply

It connects a power supply with the interval of AC,85–115V or 170–230V.

#### ②Input

#### (1) Measurement and control of electric quantity.

DC, voltage, Polar  
Current  
AC voltage Non-Polar

Connect the input signal to +, – or AM+, BM–.

Please pay attention to the polarity.

Connect the input signal to +, – or AM+, BM–.

It is used together with current transformer.

Alternating Current  
Non-Polar

Connect +, – or AM+, BM– to the secondary side of the current transformer.

#### (2) Measurement of temperature, control.

Thermo couple Polar  
Platinum resistance Polar

Connect the red lead to + or AM+, and the white lead to – or BM–.

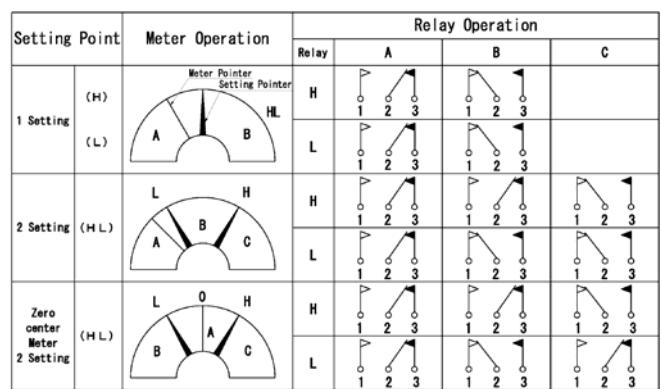
temperature detector Polar  
Connect the red lead to + or AM+, and the white lead to – or BM–.

Connect the black lead to B.

#### ③Output(Figure -1, Figure -2 reference.)

Connect to the necessary terminals according to Figure -1and Figure -2 reference.

\*L output of the zero-center meter is reversed. (refer to Figure -2 zero-center) Open collector output also can manufatturable.



(Fig. 2)

(Notes) The contact composition is the same for power supply "connection" and "disconnection" when the meter pointer is below the set value.

## 5. Measurement and Operation

### ① Adjustment, Confirmation of the zero position.

Turn a zero position gently.

### ② Adjustment, Confirmation of setting guideline position.

It turns a control and it adjusts a setting guideline to necessary graduation.

Setting guideline gets not to move any more when it becomes below above maximum or zero of the graduation.

In this case, Don't turn a control any more.

Be condition which can be measured above and be controlled but re-check about item after clause 4.

### ●Option

#### T(Timer)

The electrical connection of the common of a relay contact is not carried out for t seconds.

Start timer is synchronized to the power of meter relay.

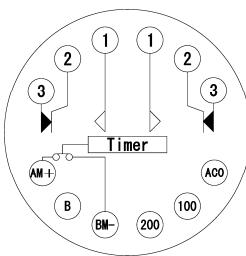
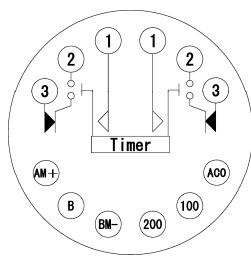
#### S(Timer)Ammeter

Stop the meter pointer for t seconds.  
(Notes) SMK is the specification only in ammeter.

Start timer is synchronized to the power of meter relay.

#### A(Built in amplifier)

If the internal resistance of the standard is low, a buffer amplifier is built inside to make it high impedance.(100kΩ or more)



#### R(RMS response)

Model that implement the RMS / DC amplifier exchange. If there is no accessory the response to the frequency of up to 0-100kHz. It is suitable for current measurement of inverter distorted the waveform. Cable is 30cm in the standard.

#### B(Relay part separate type)

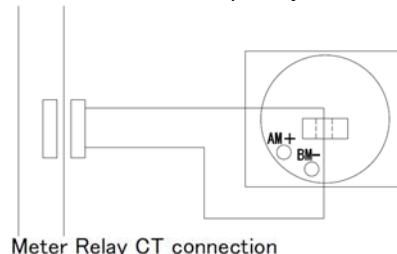
Type to be attached the product in a place that is not depth. Cable is 30cm in standard.

#### D(with CT)

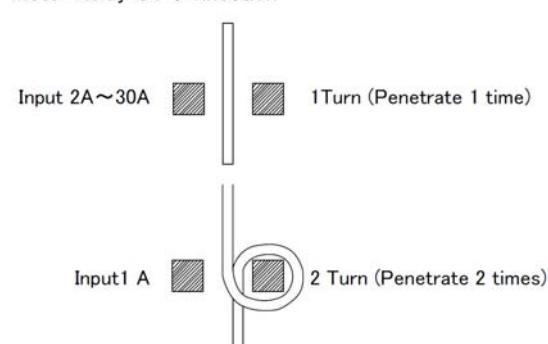
AC1~30A can be input directly.

### ●CT Trance(DMK,RDMK)connection with

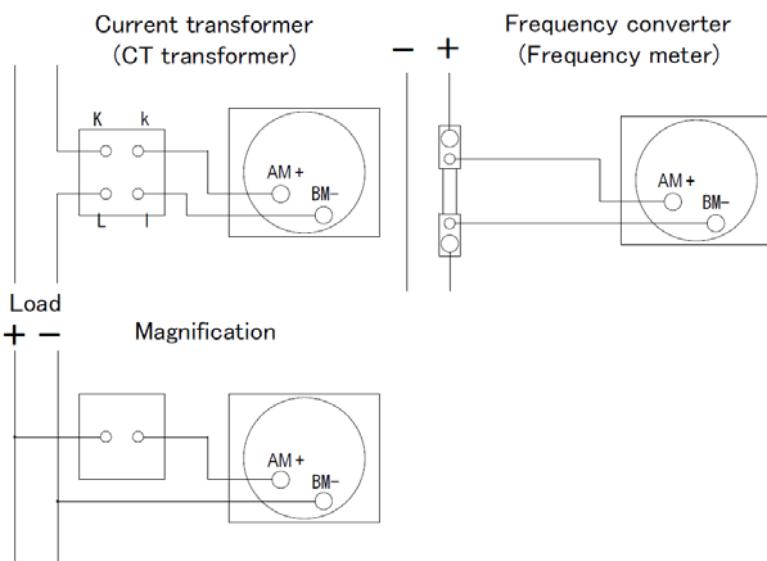
For connection from primary CT trans former\_A/5A or 1A



Since AM+ and BM- are non-contact, they can be used as relay terminals.



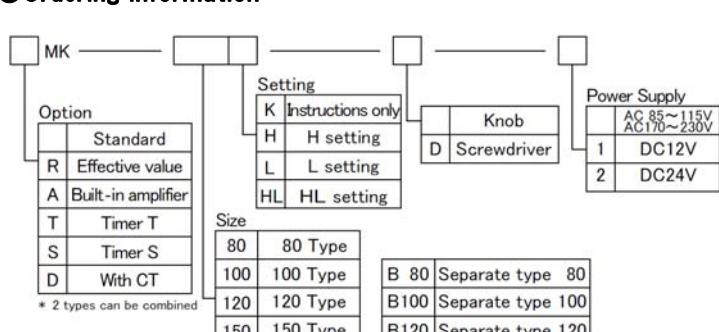
### ●Accessory



### ●Specification

Type	MK-80	MK-100	MK-120	MK-150
Panel surface (mm)	80×80	100×82	120×100	143×150
Operation principle	DC : Moving coil AC : Rectifier			
Indication precision	±1.5%F.S Thermocouple thermometer ±2.0%F.S			
Control precision	Setting Pointer ±1.0%F.S (At 20% to 80% of the range of the scale.)			
Setting range	0~100% of Scale			
Minimum setting range(HL)	Narrowest setting width of H and L 3%F.S or less			
Scale panel color	White			
Cover color	Black			
Operation method	Photoelectric contactless passage			
Contact capacity	AC250V 0.5A DC 30V 0.5A	AC250V 1A DC 30V 1A		
Contact configuration	H and L each one transfer			
Power consumption	2W			
Power supply voltage	AC85~115V/170~230V(50/60Hz) DC12V, DC24V	±10%		
Operating ambient temperature	0~50°C			
Others	Based JEMIS018			
Weight(g)	630	660	720	1500

### ●Ordering information



Rated value(Maximum input value of instrument)

Please enter the maximum scale value to be displayed on the scale plate.



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